3EI0 3EI2



Tight tolerance, increased impedance, extended bandwidth, enhanced performance in EMC.



Raising The Bar in High Permeability Materials







ERROXCUBE is a member of the Yageo Group, which is among the world's strongest suppliers of high quality passive components. As a leading supplier of ferrite components, FERROXCUBE has manufacturing operations, sales offices, and customer service centers all over the world.

We supply one of the broadest ranges of highquality, innovative products and place strong emphasis on miniaturization of magnetic functions. Ferrite components and accessories from FERROXCUBE are used in a wide range of applications, from telecommunications and computing electronics through consumer electronic products to automotive.

FERROXCUBE offers a wide range of materials for different frequency bands, thermal conditions and type of noise to be suppressed, with complete data and characterization to ease the design process. Materials can be found in most appropriate shapes for its use: toroids for common mode chokes, cable shields, beads, rods and several ready to mount solutions like SMD beads, through hole wideband chokes and encapsulated cable shields.

3E10 is a high permeability material optimized for wideband transformers as well as in EMI-suppression filters, the base material is MnZn. It achieves the tightest tolerance in your final products (only 20%), so winding and potting operations have less impact on the permeability. This means better control of the final characteristics of the component in your specific application.

3E10 is the choice when looking for a robust manufacturing process and maximum frequency stability. Extensive material research at Ferroxcube has lead to the improvement in permeability stability with frequency, which in turn creates reduced magnetic losses and higher common mode impedance over a wider frequency range.

Symbol	Conditions	Value 3E10	Unit
μ	25 °C; ≤10 kHz, 0.25 mT	10000±20%	
Bsat	25 °C; 10 kHz, 1200 A/m	≈ 460	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz, 1200 A/m	≈ 270	
tanδ/μ _i	25 °C; 30 kHz; 0.25 mT	≤ 5 x 10 ⁻⁶	
	25 °C; 100 kHz; 0.25 mT	≤ 20 x 10 ⁻⁶	
η_{B}	25 °C; 10 kHz; 1.5 to 3 mT	≤ 0.5 x 10 ⁻³	T-1
ρ	DC; 25 °C	≈ 0.5	Ωm
T _C		≥130	°C
Density		≈ 5000	kg/m ³



Material Specifications

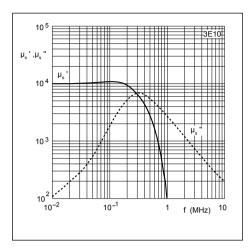


Fig. I Complex permeability as a function of frequency

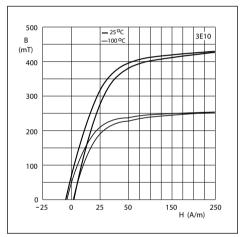


Fig. 3 Typical B-H loops

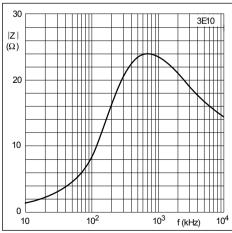


Fig. 5 Impedance as a function of frequency, measured on a toroidT25/15/10

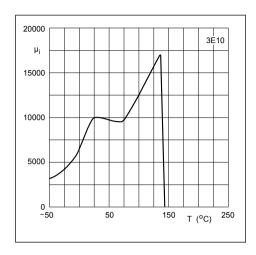


Fig. 2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature

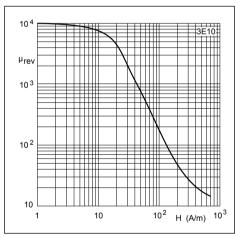


Fig. 4 Reversible permeability as a function of magnetic field strength

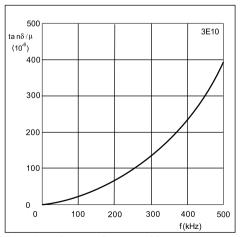


Fig. 6 Loss factor in function of frequency

A selection of raw materials and optimum process control have enabled Ferroxcube to offer the highest permeability on ferrite toroids for EMI suppression and wideband transformers. 3E12 reaches 12k on final product (there is no difference between material and product specification) in a complete product range up to large sizes. This improved performance results in several benefits for the inductor:

- —The possibility of reducing the size of the component keeping the same inductance and turns, resulting in smaller footprint and reduced Rdc (shorter turns)
- Keeping the same size, reducing the number of turns to reach the same inductance, resulting in a lower winding cost and Rdc (less turns)
- Improved performance: higher permeability leads to better coupling between windings.

Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
		3E12	
μ_{i}	25 °C; ≤10 kHz, 0.25 mT	12000±20%	
Bsat	25 °C; 10 kHz, 1200 A/m	≈ 470	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz, 1200 A/m	≈ 290	
tanδ/μ _i	25 °C; 30 kHz; 0.25 mT	≤ 7 x 10 ⁻⁶	
	25 °C; 100 kHz; 0.25 mT	≤ 25 x 10 ⁻⁶	
η_{B}	25 °C; 10 kHz; 1.5 to 3 mT	≤ 0.5 x 10 ⁻³	T ⁻¹
ρ	DC; 25 °C	≈ 0.5	Ωm
T _C		≥130	°C
Density		≈ 5000	kg/m ³

3E12 The Highest Impedance and Permeability

Material Specifications

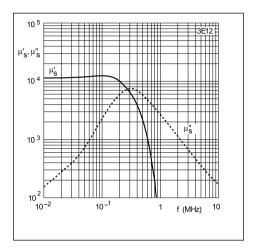


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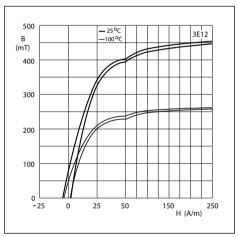


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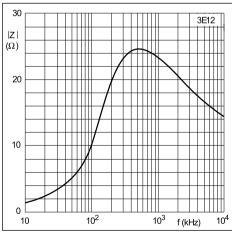


Fig. 5 Impedance as a function of frequency, measured on a toroidT25/15/10

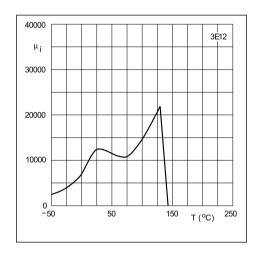


Fig. 2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature

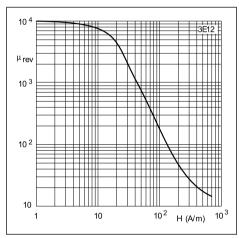


Fig. 4 Reversible permeability as a function of magnetic field strength

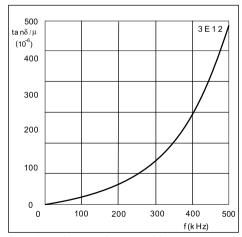


Fig. 6 Loss factor in function of frequency

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